THE SYMMETRIC STRONG DIAMETER 2 PROPERTY IN BANACH SPACES

OLAV NYGAARD

The diameter 2 property (D2P) means that every non-void relatively weak open set of the unit ball B_X has diameter 2. In particular, every slice then has diameter 2. A property that implies the D2P (and much more) is the following: X is said to enjoy the symmetric strong diameter 2 property if whenever $(S_i(x_i^*, \varepsilon_i))_{i=1}^n$ are n slices of B_X and $\varepsilon > 0$, there exist $x_i \in S_i$ and $\varphi \in B_X$ such that $x_i \pm \varphi \in S_i$, i = 1, 2, ..., n, and $\|\varphi\| > 1 - \varepsilon$. Let us call this property the symmetric strong diameter 2 property (SSD2P)-a motivation for that particular name will be given during the talk.

We will give examples of classes of Banach spaces having the SSD2P, discuss (lack of) stability when forming p-sums, look at possible passage of SSD2P to subspaces, see that Lindenstrauss spaces have the SSD2P, and finally, ask some natural questions arising.

The talk is based on a preliminary joint work and discussions with Rainis Haller, Johann Langemets and Märt Põldvere, University of Tartu.

Department of Mathematics, University of Agder, Servicebox 422, 4604 Kristiansand, Norway

E-mail address: olav.nygaard@uia.no