

# COMMUTATIVE SUBALGEBRAS OF THE ALGEBRA OF SMOOTH OPERATORS

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In this talk we deal with the noncommutative Fréchet  $*$ -algebra  $L(s', s)$  (so-called algebra of smooth operators) of continuous linear operators from the space

$$s' := \left\{ \xi = (\xi_j)_{j \in \mathbb{N}} \in \mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}} : \exists q \in \mathbb{N}_0 \quad |\xi|_q := \left( \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} |\xi_j|^2 j^{-2q} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} < \infty \right\}$$

of slowly increasing sequences to the space

$$s := \left\{ \xi = (\xi_j)_{j \in \mathbb{N}} \in \mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}} : \forall q \in \mathbb{N}_0 \quad |\xi|_q := \left( \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} |\xi_j|^2 j^{2q} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} < \infty \right\}$$

of rapidly decreasing sequences, where multiplication and involution are defined, in a natural way, through the composition of operators on the Hilbert space  $\ell_2$  and the hilbertian involution. The algebra  $L(s', s)$  can be represented as the algebra of matrices  $(a_{j,k})_{j,k \in \mathbb{N}}$  such that  $\sup_{j,k \in \mathbb{N}} |a_{j,k}| j^q k^q < \infty$  for all  $q \in \mathbb{N}_0$  (so-called rapidly decreasing matrices with matrix multiplication and matrix complex involution) and as the algebra  $\mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^2)$  of Schwartz functions on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  with the Volterra convolution  $(f \cdot g)(x, y) := \int_{\mathbb{R}} f(x, z)g(z, y)dz$  as multiplication and involution  $f^*(x, y) := \overline{f(y, x)}$ . In these forms, the algebra  $L(s', s)$  usually appears and plays a significant role in papers on  $K$ -theory of Fréchet algebras,  $C^*$ -dynamical systems and in noncommutative geometry (see e.g. papers of Cuntz, Blackadar, Elliot, Natsume, Nest, Phillips).

We show that every closed commutative  $*$ -subalgebra of  $L(s', s)$  is generated by a single (normal) operator and has a Schauder basis consisting of pairwise orthogonal projections. As a by-product we get a Hölder continuous functional calculus in  $L(s', s)$ . Next we show that every closed commutative  $*$ -subalgebra of  $L(s', s)$  which is isomorphic (as a Fréchet space) to some complemented subspace of the space  $s$  is already isomorphic (as a Fréchet  $*$ -algebra) to some subalgebra of the algebra  $s$  (pointwise multiplication and involution). We also give an example of a closed commutative  $*$ -subalgebra of  $L(s', s)$  which is not isomorphic to any subalgebra of  $s$ .

## REFERENCES

- [1] TOMASZ CIAŚ, *On the algebra of smooth operators*. Preprint available at <http://arxiv.org/abs/1304.7189>, submitted to a journal.

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